



Docket No.: 1254-0229P
(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:
Akio MATSUDA et al

Application No.: 10/617,217

Confirmation No.: 6837

Filed: July 11, 2003

Art Unit: 1631

For: NF- κ B ACTIVATING GENE

Examiner: M. L. Borin

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

I, Mr. Shuji Muramatsu, hereby declare as follows:

1. I am a Japanese citizen, residing at 17-13 Tadewara, Fuji-shi, Shizuoka 416-0931, Japan.
2. I obtained an undergraduate degree from the Department of Agricultural Chemistry of Nagoya University in 1988 and completed a Master's degree in the Graduate School of Agriculture of Nagoya University in 1990. I began employment at Asahi Chemical Industry, Co., Ltd. in 1990. I am presently employed at the Laboratory for Drug Discovery, Life Science Research Institute of Asahi Kasei Pharma Company. I have been engaged in research activity for approximately 20 years and I am well-versed in gene technology and molecular biology.

3. I am a co-inventor of the subject matter (or describe other relationship) of the above-identified U.S. Patent application. I am familiar with the specification and pending claims, and with the prosecution history of the application.

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4. The Examiner has rejected claims 3-6 under 35 USC § 102(e) as lacking novelty over SEQ ID NO: 15 of the United States Patent Application Publication 20030012966 ("US '966"). The Examiner asserts that the reference sequence is 99% identical to the sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 88 of the present application and therefore anticipates the invention claimed in the present application.

5. The alignment of SEQ ID NO: 15 of US '966 and SEQ ID NO: 88 of the present application attached as Figure A and used by the Examiner to make this assertion shows near identity from nucleotides 22 to 1860 of SEQ ID NO: 15 and 345 to 2183 of SEQ ID NO: 88. Thus, these two nucleotide sequences are distinct one from another at their 5' ends. There is also a nucleotide substitution; a C residue at position 974 in SEQ ID NO: 88 is shown as a T residue at position 651 in SEQ ID NO: 15. Therefore, the recitation in claim 4 that the polynucleotide of the invention comprises the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 88 is not met by the reference.

6. Despite the 99% identity at the nucleotide sequence level of SEQ ID NO: 15 of US '966 (hereinafter merely "SEQ ID NO: 15") and SEQ ID NO: 88 of the present application (hereinafter merely "SEQ ID NO: 88") asserted by the Examiner, there are functional differences between these sequences that distinguish the presently claimed invention from the disclosure of US '966. In particular, proteins encoded by SEQ ID NO: 15 of US '966 do not exhibit any activity as activators of NF- κ B, while the protein encoded by SEQ ID NO: 88 (i.e. the protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87) is an activator of NF- κ B transcription factor activity.

7. To demonstrate this result, the experiments described hereinbelow were performed by me or under my supervision.

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8. As a threshold matter, it should be noted that the amino terminal amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 includes the amino acid sequence Met-Gly-Ile-Gly-Lys. Inspection of SEQ ID NO: 34 and SEQ ID NO: 53 shows that neither of these sequences include this amino acid sequence. Therefore, the recitation of claim 3 that the nucleotide sequence encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 is not met by SEQ ID NO: 15.

9. Second, it should be noted that the 5' end of the polynucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15 does not include any translation initiation codon corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 53 of US '966 (hereinafter merely "SEQ ID NO: 53"). That is, one should consider that SEQ ID NO: 53 begins with an isoleucine residue rather than a methionine. SEQ ID NO: 34 of US '966 (hereinafter merely "SEQ ID NO: 34") is also encoded by SEQ ID NO: 15 and does begin with a methionine residue. Therefore, both of the polypeptides of SEQ ID NO: 34 and SEQ ID NO: 53 were expressed as fusion proteins with a Green Fluorescence Protein as shown in the attached Figure B.

10. In this regard, the polynucleotide encoding SEQ ID NO: 15 was prepared by fusing the 3' end of the GFP-encoding sequence to the polynucleotide encoding SEQ ID NO: 34 at the amino-terminal methionine in the vector pcDNA3.1. Similarly, the 3' end of the GFP-encoding sequence was fused to the nucleotide sequence encoding SEQ ID NO: 53 at the amino-terminal isoleucine residue. Finally, a similar vector was prepared fusing the 3' end of the GFP-encoding sequence to the nucleotide sequence encoding SEQ ID NO: 87 at the amino-terminal isoleucine residue.

11. The expression vectors encoding the GFP fusion proteins were co-transfected into cultured 293EBNA cells with a luciferase expression vector in which transcription of a luciferase-encoding polynucleotide is controlled by NF-kB activity, and luciferase expression was measured in the

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same manner as the reporter assay described in Example 2 beginning at page 64 of the present specification. 10, 25, 50 or 100 ng/well of the GFP fusion vectors were co-transfected with 50 ng of the NF-kB: luciferase expression vector.

12. The results of the reporter assays are shown in the attached Figure C. These results clearly demonstrate that the protein of SEQ ID NO: 87 encoded by the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 88 of the present application has activity of activating NF-kB. On the other hand, the two polypeptides of SEQ ID NO: 34 and 53, encoded by the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15 of the reference, do not have NF-kB activating activity.

13. To confirm that the negative result obtained using the vectors expressing GFP-SEQ ID NO:34 and GFP-SEQ ID NO:53 fusions was not due to lack of expression of the fusion protein, an aliquot of the proteins from cells used in the reporter assay was evaluated by Western blotting using anti-GFP antibody. The results of the Western blot are shown in Figure D, and it is plainly seen that similar amounts of protein were expressed by each GFP fusion protein expression vector. Therefore, the lack of NF-kB activation by GFP-SEQ ID NO:34 and by GFP-SEQ ID NO:53 was not due to a lack of expression of the fusion protein.

14. The results of the luciferase reporter assay establish that SEQ ID NO:15 does not encode any protein that activates NF-kB. Therefore, the recitation of claims 3-6 that the protein encoded by the polypeptide "activates NF-kB" is also not met.

15. None of the recitations in claims 3-6 are completely met by the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 15 of US '966 or the proteins it encodes. Therefore, this reference does not describe any polynucleotide within the scope of claims 3-6 and therefore the invention described by the present

2006年 6月20日 16時14分 旭化成ファーマ 知的財産グループ
旭化成工業株式会社 A 大正ライフサイエンス研究企画C(表特); 0545620000
NO. 4029 P. 2 # 2/ 2
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claims 3-6 is neither disclosed nor suggested to one of ordinary skill in the art who reads this reference.

16. Should the invention of claims 3-6 be deemed obvious at first glance over SEQ ID NO: 15, in view of the Examiner's premise that nearly identical nucleotide sequences must encode proteins having the same activity the finding that SEQ ID NO: 83 of the instant application encodes a protein having NF- κ B activation activity, but SEQ ID NO: 15 does not, must be taken as a result that is unexpected by one of ordinary skill in the art reading US '966. 17. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: June 20, 2006

By: Shuji Muramatsu
Mr. Shuji Muramatsu



Figure A

RESULT 5
US-09-768-826-15
: Sequence 15, Application US/09768826
: Patent 0, US20020012966A1
: GENERAL INFORMATION
: APPLICANT: Shi et al
: TITLE OF INVENTION: 18 human secreted proteins
: FILE REFERENCE: PPS12P1
: CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/768,826
: CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-01-25

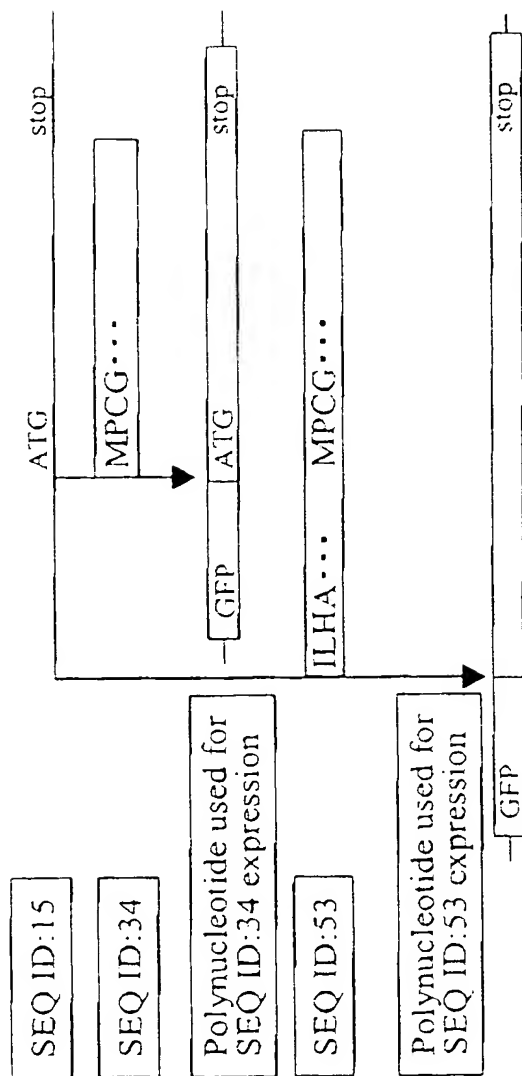


Figure B



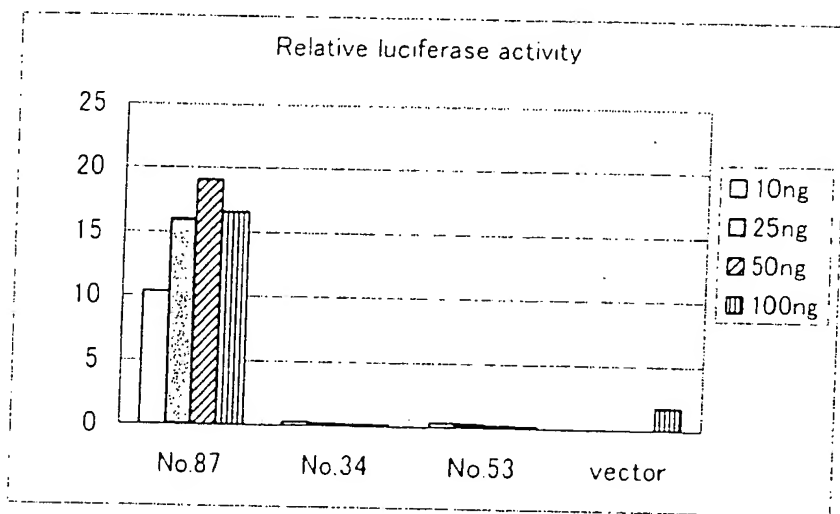


Figure C

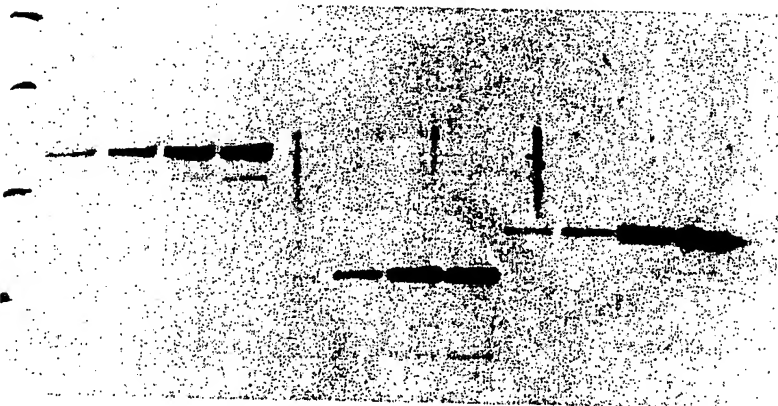


Figure D

No.87

No.34

No.53

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PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US00/22350
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-15
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/148,759
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 61
SOFTWARE: PatentIn ver. 2.0
SEQ ID NO 15
LENGTH: 1860
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-768-826-15

Query Match 67.6%; Score 1835.8; DB 9; Length 1860.
Best Local Similarity 99.9%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 1837; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY	345	CTCAAAATTTGTCATATTGATCGACAGAGATGACACAGATCAAGCCCTCAGAGTCCCAAT	404
DB	22	CTCAAAATTTGTCATATTGATCGACAGAGATGACACAGATCAAGCCCTCAGAGTCCCAAT	
QY	405	CTGCTACAAGATGACTTTGGTATCAAAACCCGGAATAATCTTCTGTCAGATGCCATGTGGC	464
DB	82	CTGCTACAAGATGACTTTGGTATCAAAACCCGGAATAATCTTCTGTCAGATGCCATGTGGC	
QY	465	AGACAGCATTTACAGAAATTTAGATGATGCTGTAATGGCTCTGTCATGCAATCTTTATTA	524
DB	142	AGACAGCATTTACAGAAATTTAGATGATGCTGTAATGGCTCTGTCATGCAATCTTTATTA	
QY	525	CTGACCTGAAATCTTTTAAAGACATCTTGGTCTAAATTTTCAGTCTTATACCTCCCTAAATG	584
DB	202	CTGACCTGAAATCTTTTAAAGACATCTTGGTCTAAATTTTCAGTCTTATACCTCCCTAAATG	
QY	585	AACTCCGTTAAAGGAGCATTAATAACAATCTGTTTATACCATGCGGCCCTGAAAT	644
DB	262	AACTCCGTTAAAGGAGCATTAATAACAATCTGTTTATACCATGCGGCCCTGAAAT	
QY	645	CCCTTTCCCGAGAGAGGATCTCCCTTCCCTTCAAAACCATCAATGCTTACAGAGAGAA	704
DB	322	CCCTTTCCCGAGAGAGGATCTCCCTTCCCTTCAAAACCATCAATGCTTACAGAGAGAA	
QY	705	AGTCTGGATTTCTTACAAGATGAGAAAGATTTTTCAGGAGTCTGCTATAAGACAA	764
DB	382	AGTCTGGATTTCTTACAAGATGAGAAAGATTTTTCAGGAGTCTGCTATAAGACAA	
QY	765	CAAACTATATGAGAGAGACAGAAATATGCTACAAGACAAATTTTTCAGGAGTCTGCTATAAGACAA	824
DB	442	CAAACTATATGAGAGAGACAGAAATATGCTACAAGACAAATTTTTCAGGAGTCTGCTATAAGACAA	
QY	825	ACATATAACATGTGGCTGGCTCTGTTTGTAAACCAATGATTAATCTTCACTTGA	884
DB	502	ACATATAACATGTGGCTGGCTCTGTTTGTAAACCAATGATTAATCTTCACTTGA	
QY	885	AGCAGTTTCTAGGAAATGTTTAAATTAAGAGAGCTTTTCACTTAAAGAAACCTATGAG	944
DB	562	AGCAGTTTCTAGGAAATGTTTAAATTAAGAGAGCTTTTCACTTAAAGAAACCTATGAG	
QY	945	CACAAGAAAGATTAATTTCTGAGGACAGCCTATATAATTTTGGTGTCTTTTGTATG	1004
DB	622	CACAAGAAAGATTAATTTCTGAGGACAGCCTATATAATTTTGGTGTCTTTTGTATG	
QY	1005	AGTAAATCTTGACATTTGTCAGAGTTTCAAGCATTTTCTTCAAAATTTTCTAGTTCATG	1064
DB	682	AGTAAATCTTGACATTTGTCAGAGTTTCAAGCATTTTCTTCAAAATTTTCTAGTTCATG	
QY	1065	GATATGAAAAGGAATTTCAATCCATTTCTGTTATGAACTTTGAAACCTTTGAAACAAATCTTGT	1124
DB	742	GATATGAAAAGGAATTTCAATCCATTTCTGTTATGAACTTTGAAACCTTTGAAACAAATCTTGT	
QY	1125	ATCAGACAGATTTTAAATATGTCACACACTTTTATCTCTCAATTTTTCATCTCAAGG	1184
DB	802	ATCAGACAGATTTTAAATATGTCACACACTTTTATCTCTCAATTTTTCATCTCAAGG	
QY	1185	ACACAGAAAAAATGGCCCGAGGAGATCTGATCACTTCTCTCGAGGCCCTCTCAT	1244

RESULT 6

US-10-874-484-15
Sequence 15, Application US/10874484
Publication No. US2004023113A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:

